



# Regional Capacity Building Training Seminars on the Development and Implementation of Climate Mitigation Actions

Courtyard Marriott, Paramaribo Suriname 23 – 24 June 2016

Sharing success stories and main barriers during preparation and implementation of mitigation actions such as CDM projects & programs, NAMAs etc. in the country?







### Mitigation Actions in the Forest Sector

Sustainable forest Management

**Forest Conservation** 

Enhancement of forest carbon stocks?

(Renewable) energy?



#### **INDC** Suriname

#### RENEWABLE ENERGY

#### FORESTRY, including REDD +

- Reduce emission from deforestation
- Reduce emission from forest degradation
- The role of Sustainable Forest Management
- The role of Forest Conservation
- Enhancement of Forest Carbon stocks

Within the REDD+ project (REDD-Readiness phase 2014-2018 ) the SBB is responsible for

- Pillar II: REDD+ Bussenis model and Strategy
  - Drivers of deforestation and forest degradation
- Pillar III: REDD+ implementing framework and tools
  - National Forest Monitoring System (NFMS)
  - Forest reference emission level (FREL)

Main goal SBB: PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE FOREST MANAGEMENT



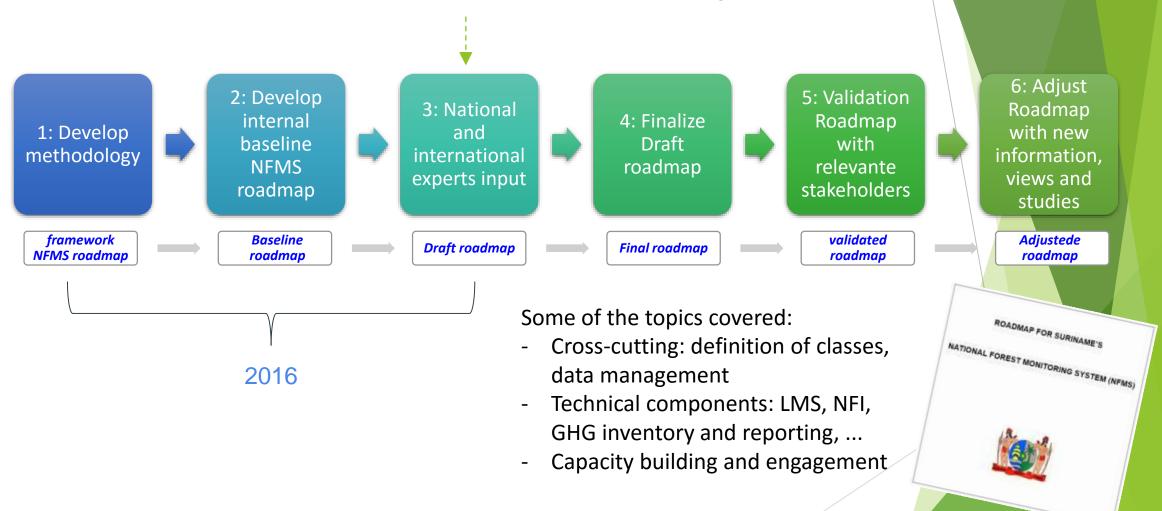
### Milestones 2016

- 1. National Forest Monitoring System (NFMS) roadmap
- 2. Activity Data 3rd party review deforestation maps
- 3. Emission Factors best possible carbon stock estimation
- 4. Deforestation map 2014-2015
- 5. Drivers of deforestation (DDFDB+) study
- 6. Forest Reference (Emissions) Level (FREL/FRL)
- 7. National Forest Inventory (NFI) proposal
- 8. NFMS Database & Geoportal

SBB is responsible for part pillar II and pillar III



# Milestone 1: NFMS Roadmap





# Milestone 2: Activity Data

Land use map + 3rd party review Existing maps





#### Legend:

Urban

Agriculture

Pasture

Mining

Infrastructure

Secondary vegetation

Hydrology

Others

Not observed

#### Kaart geproduceerd door:

FCMU,CELOS, MI-GLIS, GMD, MAS, Ministerie van HI, Ministerie van LVV, Ministerie van NH, Ministerie van OW, Ministerie van RO, Ministerie van RGB en SPS

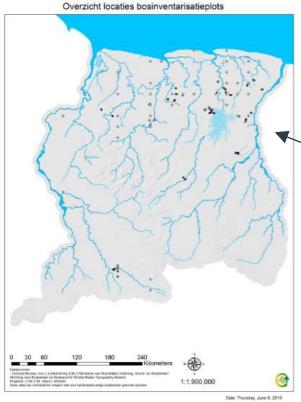


### Milestone 3: Emission Factors









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	April	May	June	July	August	September
Preliminary work plan	April 22nd					
Exploratory trip by CATTE in Suriname	April 25th - 29th	-				
Description of REDD+ context			June 15th			
Data base synthesis						
An assessment of options to choose the most suitable emissions factor		e -			12	
National experts from Suriname trained at CATTE in Costa Rica	30		Between 13 to 25 June			
First draft report including statistical estimates and recommendations on the future NFI design based on the available information					August 22 <sup>nd</sup>	
Presentation and training workshop by CATTE at the SBB Office in Suriname					August 29th - September 2nd	
Final report "State-of-the-art study: Best estimates for emission factors and carbon stocks for Suriname".						September 15th





Activities





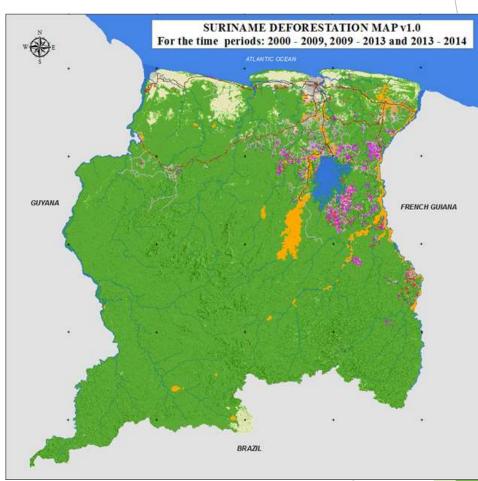


Timeline and deadlines



# Milestone 4: Deforestation map 2014-2015



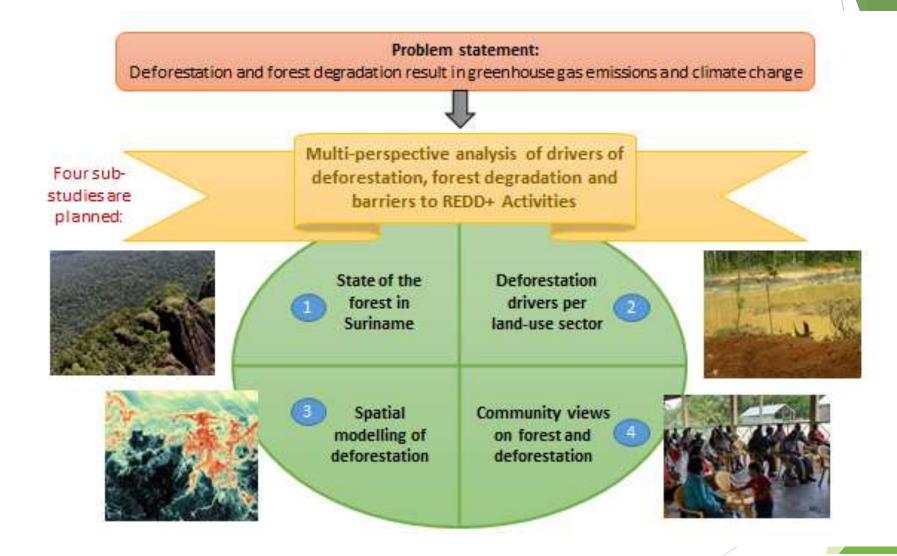


Map of 2014-2015 Will be added

In Q4



### Milestone 5: Drivers of deforestation study



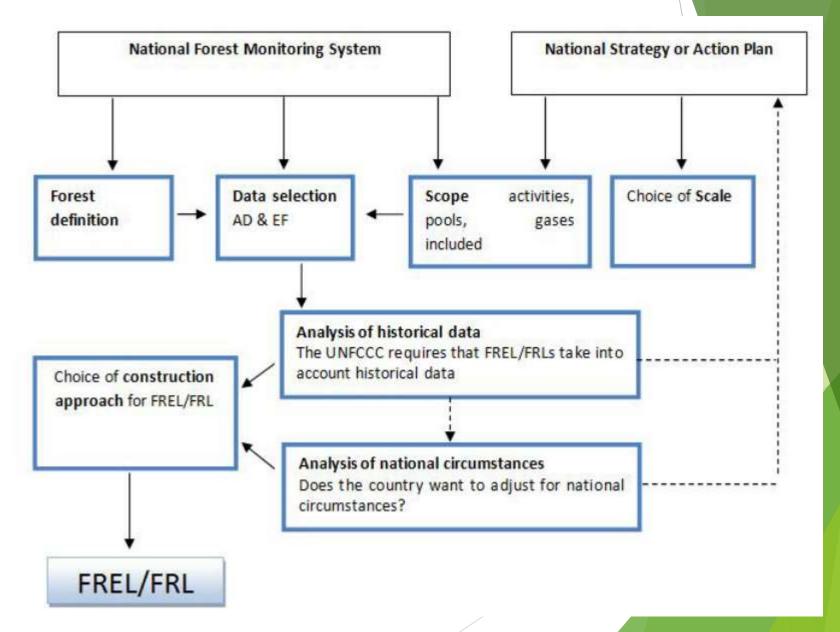


### Milestone 6: Forest Reference Level

#### FREL/FRL

Baseline for possible future results-based payments

First steps:
Definition of
forest
Other strategic
national decisions





# Milestone 7: NFI proposal

Third party review of NFI pilot report?









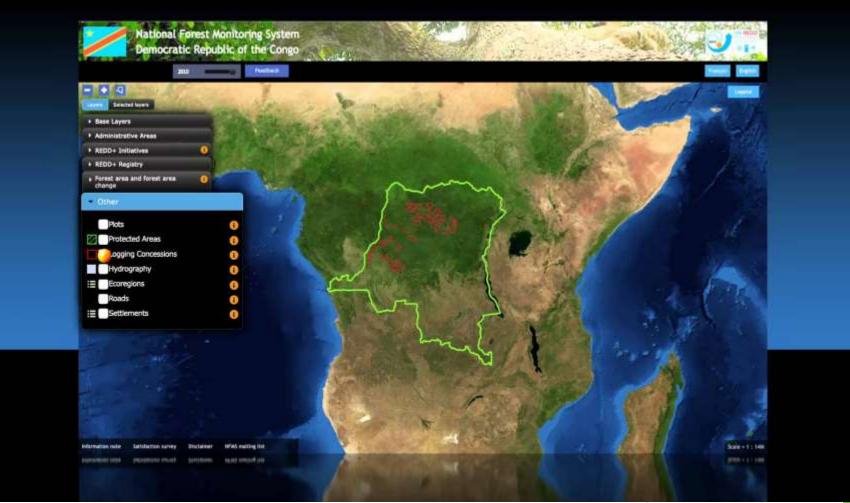






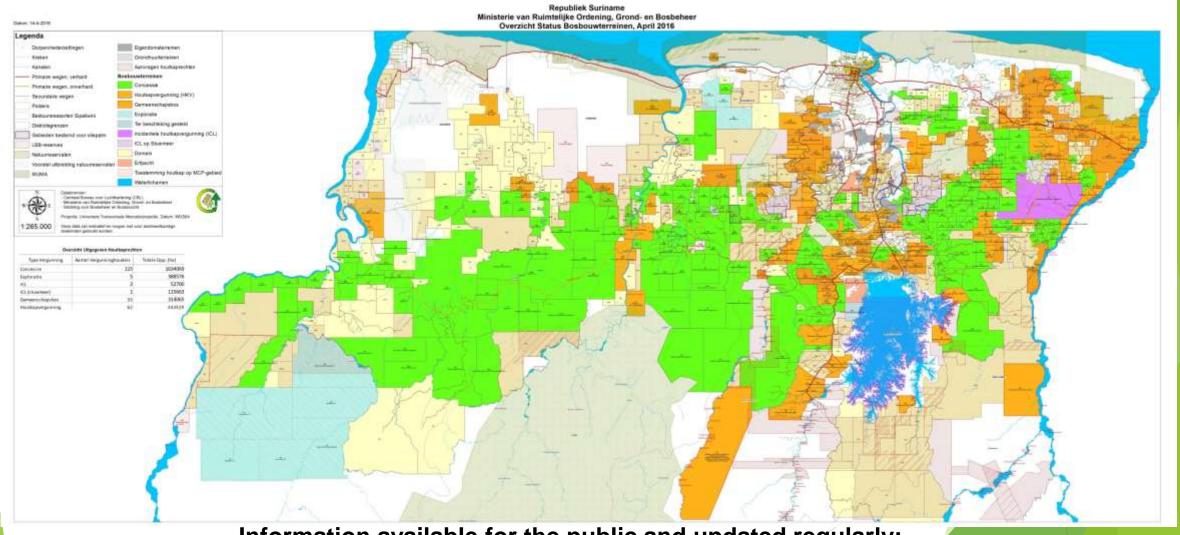
## Milestone 8: NFMS Database and Geoportal







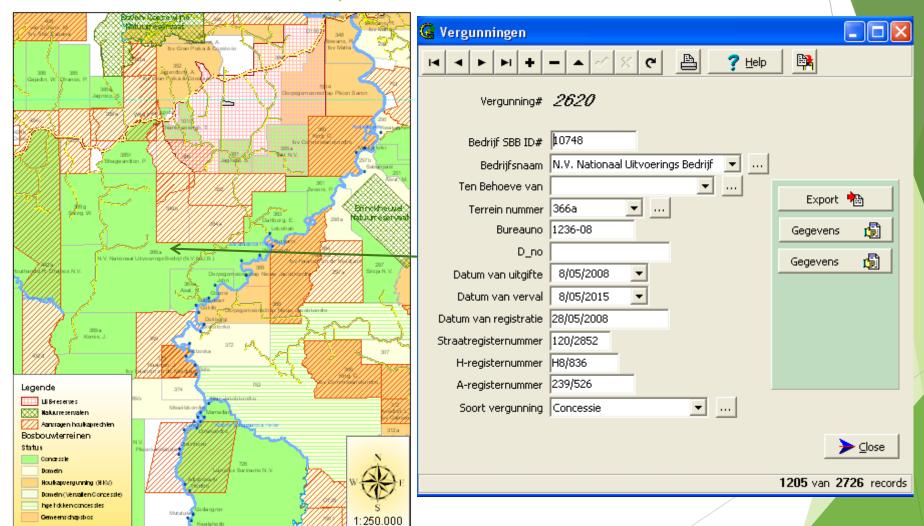
# Sustainable Forest Management and production control (data management) Map of timber licenses.



Information available for the public and updated regularly: file:///C:/Users/SBB-Administrator/Desktop/Bosbouwlegger\_A0\_20160113.pdf

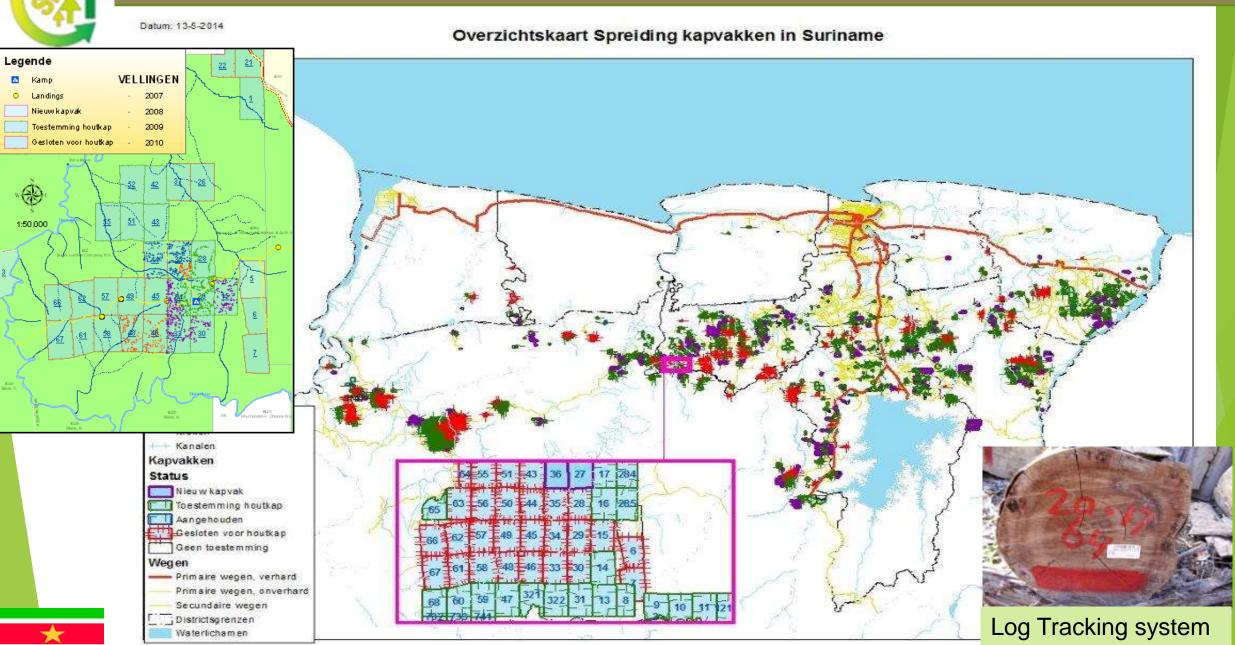


# Data management (Lincense information)





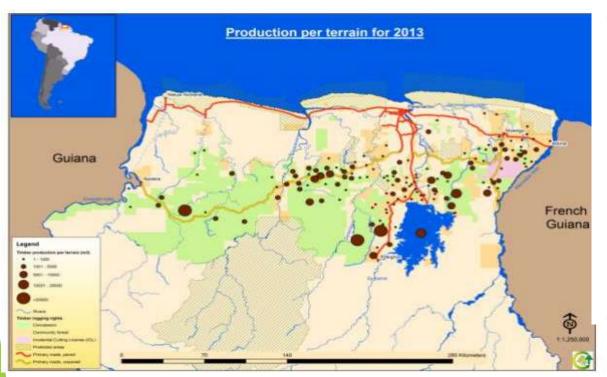
#### Overview of logging activities

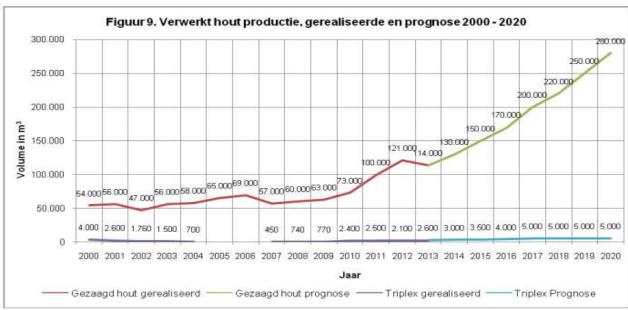




## Technical spatial analysis of drivers

Logging: all recorded timber production is geographically linked with the compartment where it was extracted from

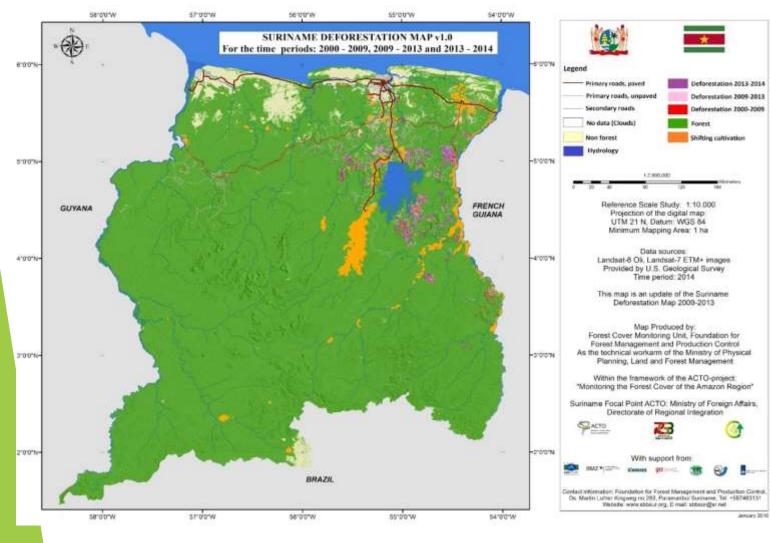




Source: Forestry Sector Analysis (2013): <a href="http://sbbsur.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/05/Rapport-Sector-analyse-20131.pdf">http://sbbsur.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/05/Rapport-Sector-analyse-20131.pdf</a>



### Deforestation maps (ACTO regional project )

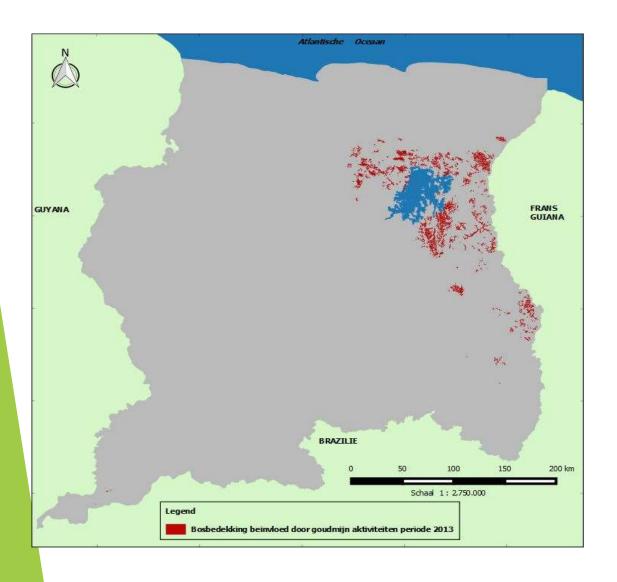


Deforestated area (ha) *to be validated				
2000-2009	ca. 23.000			
2009-2013	ca. 30.000			
2013-2014	ca. 18.000*			

Total forest area ca.15.3 million ha > 90% of land area



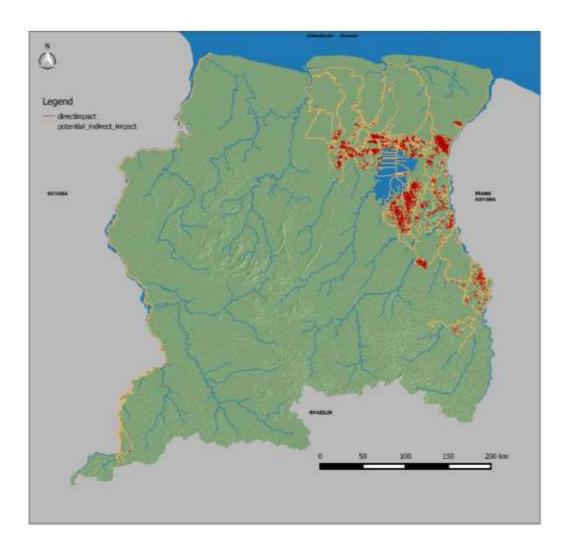
# Impact of goldmining in the forest cover (REDD+ for the Guiana shield project)



Deforestation caused by mining 53668.9 Ha percentage total land area 0.33% percentage total deforestation 73%



## Potential Impact on waterways Gold mining





- REDD +for the Guiana shield
- ACTO: Monitoring forest cover change of the Amazon region



### **ENERGY** Key indicators Wood energy Suriname

•	per capita wood consumption:	0,25 m <sup>3</sup>
•	Per capita industrial wood consumption:	0,31 <sup>3</sup>
•	Per capita total round wood consumption:	0,56 m <sup>3</sup>
•	Number of persons depending on energy wood for cooking:	76.000
•	Average energy consumption per year Per households in A cluster districts:	13 m³
•	Average energy consumption per year Per households in B cluster districts:	3 m³
•	Highest energy wood consumption districts:	Sipaliwini en Wanica
•	Source of energy wood from forest	56%
•	Source of energy wood from outside the forest:	19%
•	Source of energy wood from industrial waste:	25%
•	Direct energy wood:	69%
•	Indirect energy wood:	26%
•	Recovered energy wood	5%
•	Households who use energy wood for cooking every day:	
	Of all households in Suriname	0,3%
	<ul> <li>Of households that use energy wood for cooking</li> </ul>	2%
•	Important cooking facilities:	Tripod and Chula
•	Potential of cooking facilities per year:	1.180.000 m³
•	Carbon dioxide emission per year by using energy wood:	213.000 ton CO <sub>2</sub>
•	Annual savings of gas by the use of energy wood (febr 2015):	SRD 200 miljoen
•	Turnover per year by production and use of energy wood:	SRD 13 miljoen

#### Wood production per year 2013

Activity	Roundwood volume m <sup>3</sup>	Wood waste volume in m <sup>3</sup>
Roundlogsproduction	400.000	
Waste from logging 50%		400.000
Roundwood input saw mill	300.000	
Waste from saw mill		180.000
Total		580.000

#### Total round wood production 2003-2015

Year	Industrial	Energy wood	Totaal
	round logs		Roundlogs
2003	155.000	116.500	271.500
2004	159.000	113.100	272.100
2005	181.000	109.800	290.800
2006	193.000	107.200	300.200
2007	166.000	104.600	270.600
2008	197.000	102.000	299.000
2009	207.000	99.500	306.500
2010	246.000	97.100	343.100
2011	366.000	94.700	460.700
2012	436.000	92.400	528.400
2013	394.000	90.200	484.200
2014			520.000
2014			560.000

Source: SBB Forest economic Service, 2015



### Some succes stories.

- Capacity building: GIS, RS, Forest Inventory, Carbon Assessment, Project Management, New Technologies, Data, Researchs, Maps e.g Forest Cover Monitoring Unit, Forest Cover Monitoring Plan
- Setting up Resource Group. National, regional and international Platform(s) of cooperation (Guyana shield, ACTO)
- Increased Data gathering, Data Sharing
- South -South , North South (regional cooperation) cooperation
- Increased Awereness about Climate changes, Mitigation and Adaptation actions



## Challenges, (main) barriers

- Need to consolidate or enhance commitment on all level
- Increase capacity on all level: personnel, technology, institutional, legal Fundraising, project formulation and implementation, project management, in country based international entity.
- Confusion between Funding entities and project management, high requirement and conditions to access funds if available. Green Climate Fund.
- Access to Funds -Forestry
- More Pro active and increase capacity of the DNA
- ► Enhance Awareness about Climate changes, Mitigation and adaptation actions
- CDM not applicable for the forest sector (even though 95%land area is still forest)
- Potential of forest still acknowledged
- Land tenure, Land use map
- ► ENERGY: Energy from wood waste was more expensive than Energy from fossil fuel, integration to the national grid.

