# Transboundary adaptation in mountain ecosystems

Lorine Giangola, Ph.D.
Abt Associates
Principal Investigator, USAID C5+1 Adaptation
Activity Manager, USAID CEADIR



Greetings from the Rocky Mountains,

Colorado, USA



### Topics

- Climate hazards and impacts in mountain ecosystems
- Examples of transboundary capacity building for adaptation in mountain ecosystems:
  - USAID Climate Change Resilient
     Development High Mountain Adaptation
     Partnership
  - USAID Smart Waters Project
- Conservation is adaptation



- Mountain ecosystems are exposed to climate hazards that can create multiple impacts
  - Extreme precipitation (rain and snow)
    - Landslides
    - Avalanches
    - Floods
  - Increasing average temperatures
    - Earlier snowmelt
    - Changes in timing and volume of streamflow
    - Glacial lake outburst floods (GLOFs)
  - Drought
  - Wildfires
  - And others









1. Coal Creek Canyon FPD; 2. CODOT.gov; 3. courtesy photo





1. Glacial lake outburst flood, Bhutan: weADAPT; 2. Avalanche slide path, Colorado: courtesy photo





Flood impacts on infrastructure. Kyrgyzstan (Photo: UNDP)



### USAID High Mountains Adaptation Partnership (HiMAP)

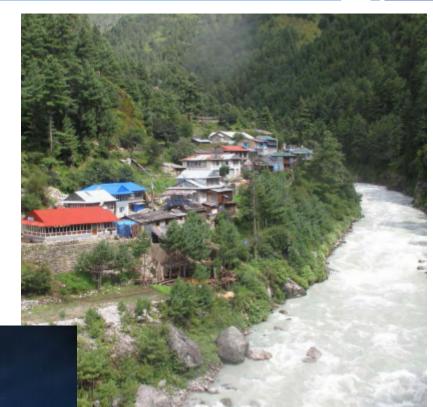
- USAID Climate Change Resilient Development (CCRD) Project (2011-2015)
- HiMAP built capacity for managing climate impacts in high mountain communities
  - Exchange between Nepal's practitioners, policymakers, donors, and Peru's engineers to build knowledge about managing risks of GLOFs
  - Writing workshops to develop ideas for additional research
  - Small grants for scientists to study high mountain ecosystem climate risks and adaptation needs
  - Glacial lake assessments
  - Capacity building and support for Local Adaptation Plans of Action (LAPAs)





## USAID High Mountains Adaptation Partnership (HiMAP)



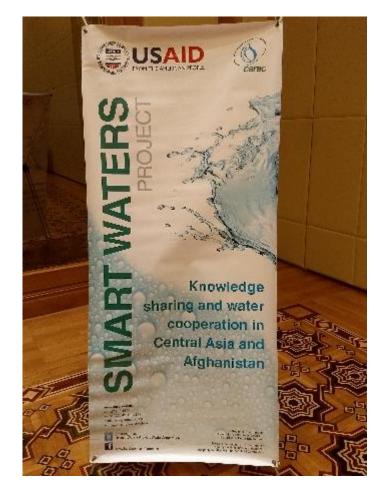






### **USAID Smart Waters Project**

- Since fall of Soviet Union, more than 200 rivers divided by international borders
  - Conflicts between upstream and downstream countries
- Smart Waters implemented by Central Asia Regional Environmental Center (CAREC) (2015-2020)







### **USAID Smart Waters Project**

- Transboundary water
   management in five Central
   Asia Republics and Afghanistan
  - Training and capacity building for water managers
  - Dialogue among water organizations and academia
  - Scholarships for Central
     Asia master's students in
     Integrated Water Resources
     Management (IWRM)

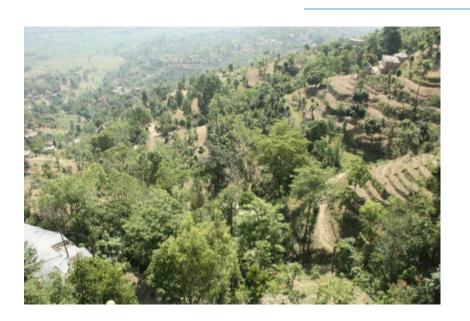


Smart Waters scholarship IWRM students. (Photo: USAID)





### Conservation is adaptation









1.Agroforestry in Nepal (World Agroforestry); 2. River ecosystem (WWF); 3. Rainwater harvesting, Peru (Inter Press Service); 4. Rangeland conservation Central Asia (FAO)